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Borderplex Business Barometer, Volume 2, Number 6

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BORDERPLEX BUSINESS BAROMETER

June 2018

Border Region Modeling Project

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Border Commerce & Economics

Borderplex Business Barometer, Volume 2, Number 6

Uneven Border Region Growth

In April 2018, the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas Metropolitan Business Cycle Index for El Paso was 0.9 percent higher than in the same month last year, but it was unchanged relative to March 2018. Similarly, the UTEP Border Region Modeling Project's El Paso Household Economic Stress Index remained flat between March and April. However, the unemployment rate declined from 4.5 to 4.1 percent over the same period. These trends suggest that economic conditions in El Paso continue to improve, but the rate of growth may have subsided.

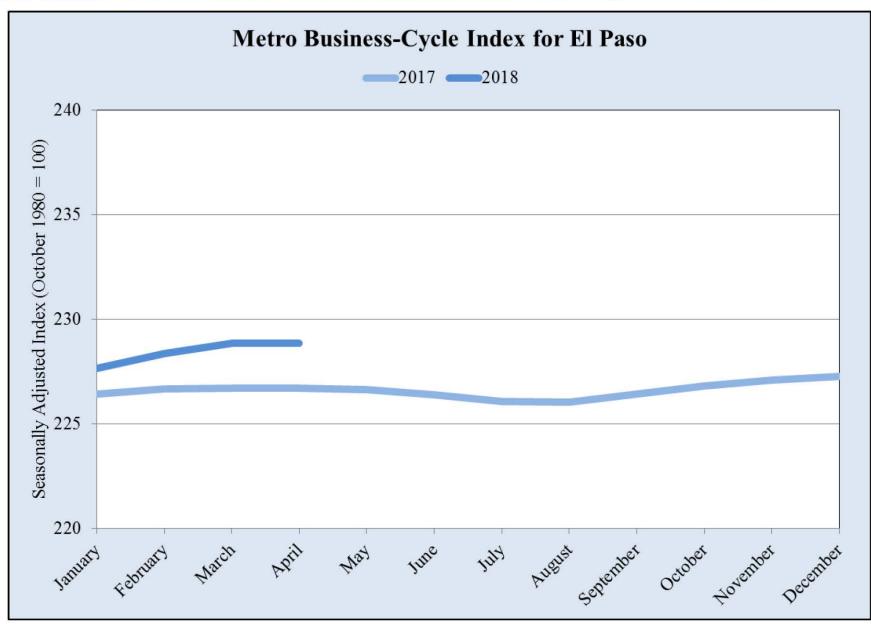
Median housing prices experienced strong growth between March and April, rising to \$154,550 by the latter month. That is the second-highest value in the historical price series. The peak historical value of \$157,725 was observed in December 2017. In another sign of strong housing demand, months of housing inventory fell to levels not observed since mid-2006. Like housing prices, gasoline prices also shot upward in recent months. Strong gasoline demand plus international oil supply curtailments are among the main factors driving the price increases.

The Doña Ana County unemployment rate dropped to 5.5 percent in April, down more than one percentage point from the year-ago level. Sectors of the local economy that have done relatively well in recent months include healthcare, transportation, and warehousing. Las Cruces area enrollment in the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) program also declined slightly in April. Overall, these trends appear to bode well for the Mesilla Valley economy.

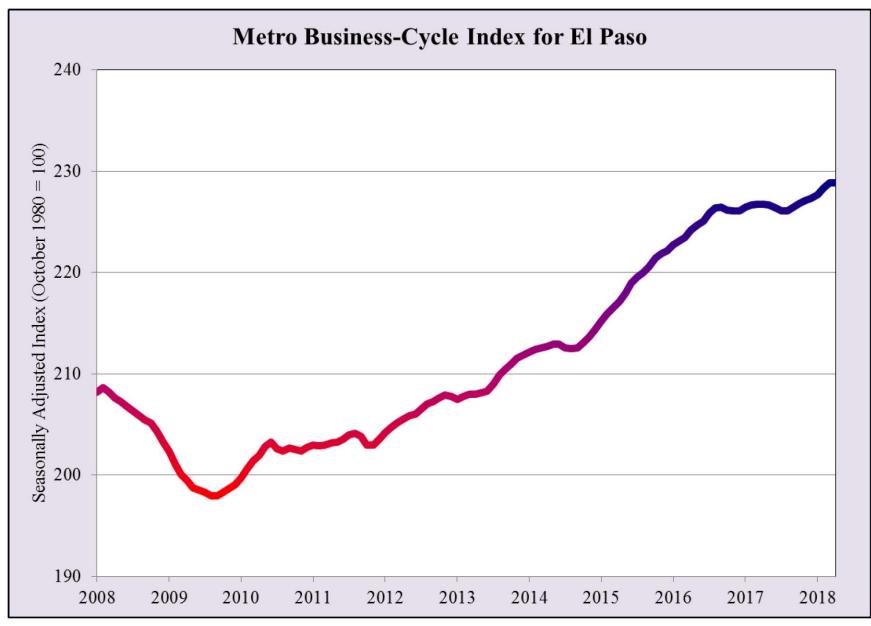
The nominal peso-per-dollar exchange rate fell to 18.34 in April. At the same time, the ratio of restaurant prices in Ciudad Juárez to those in El Paso for identical menu items edged slightly upward to 12.94 pesos per dollar. Trade related peso jitters will widen that gap once the data are tabulated for May. The temporary real appreciation of the peso in recent months helps explain an increase in traffic through El Paso's ports of entry. Personal vehicle international bridge crossings increased by 8.2 percent in the first four months of 2018, relative to the first four months of 2017. Pedestrian bridge crossings increased by 6.4 percent over the same period, while cargo vehicle crossings increased by 3.6 percent.

The export-processing employment figure for March 2018 was 268,761, which is 1.3 percent below the March 2017 value. It is also below the peak employment level of 279,972 jobs recorded in May 2017. Recent trends for this variable suggest that export-processing employment in Ciudad Juárez is being adversely affected by United States trade policy positions. On a region-wide scale, the Northern Mexico

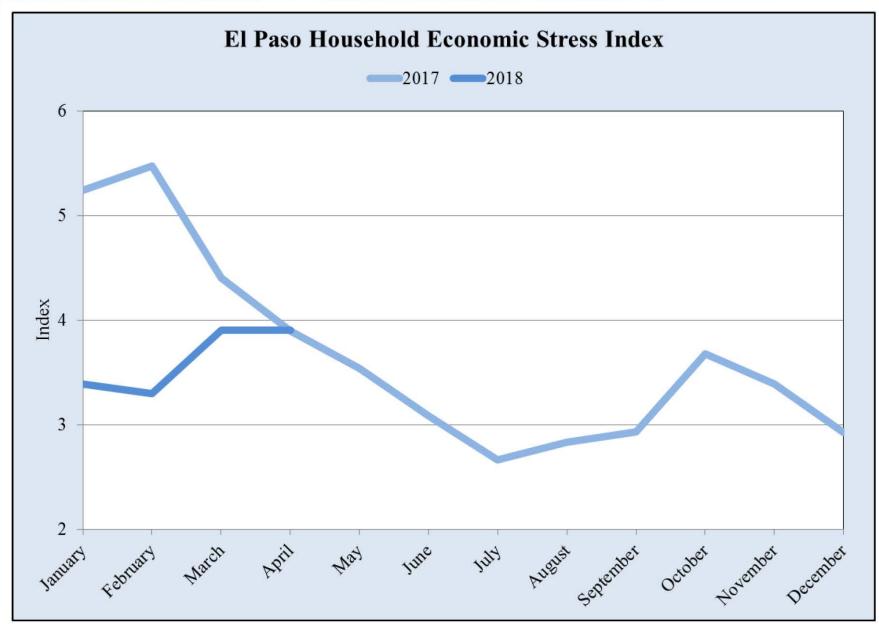
Manufacturing Orders Index has fared more favorably, increasing by 2.7 percentage points, on average, in the first four months of 2018, relative to the first four months of 2017. The value of construction in the state of Chihuahua dropped 4.7 percent in March, relative to February. This represents a continuation of the trend towards weakening state-level construction activity that began nearly two years ago. The retail sector in the state of Chihuahua stagnated in the first quarter of 2018. Given shifts in the real exchange rate, it is likely that a portion of this stagnation was due to cross-border shopping by residents of Mexico. That pattern may be reversed in coming months.



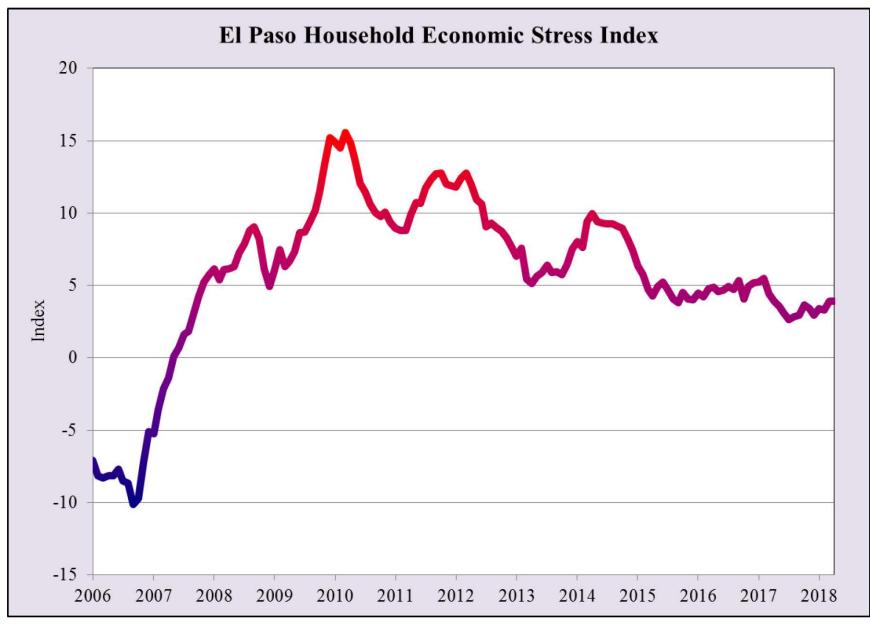
Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas



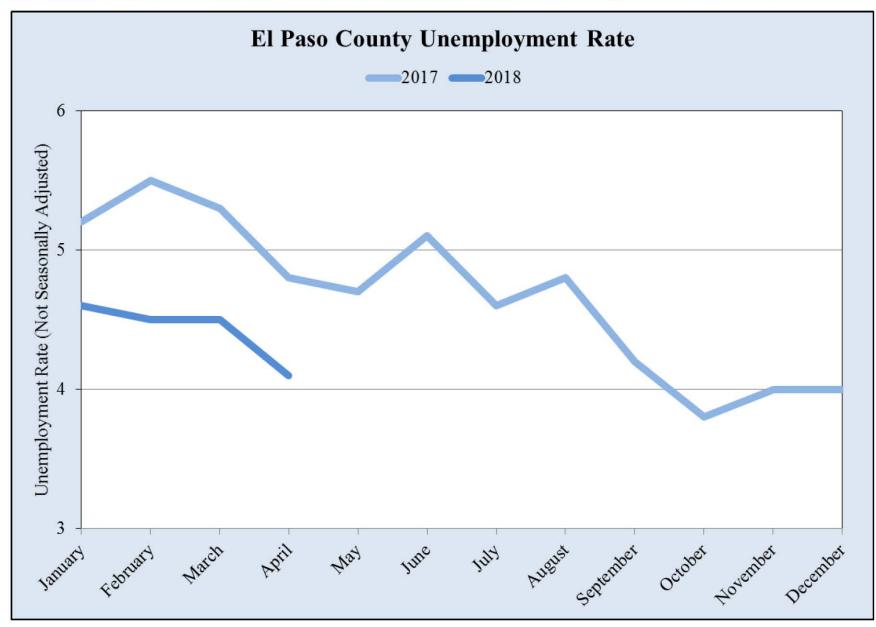
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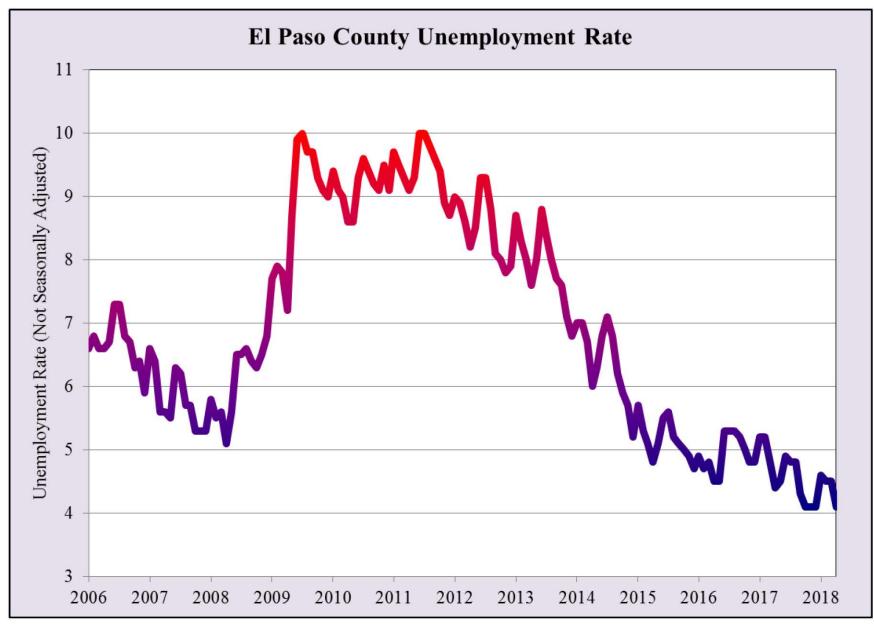
Source: UTEP Border Region Modeling Project



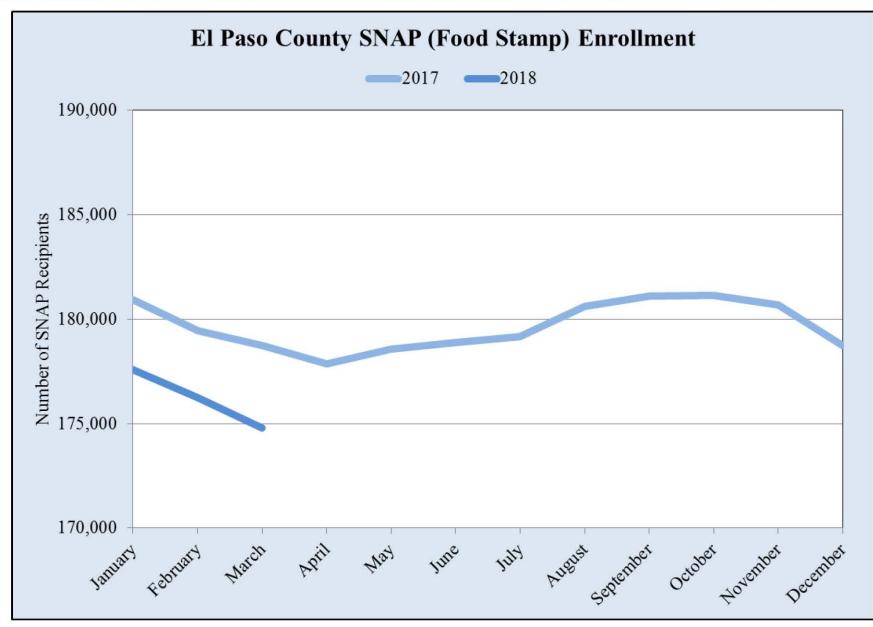
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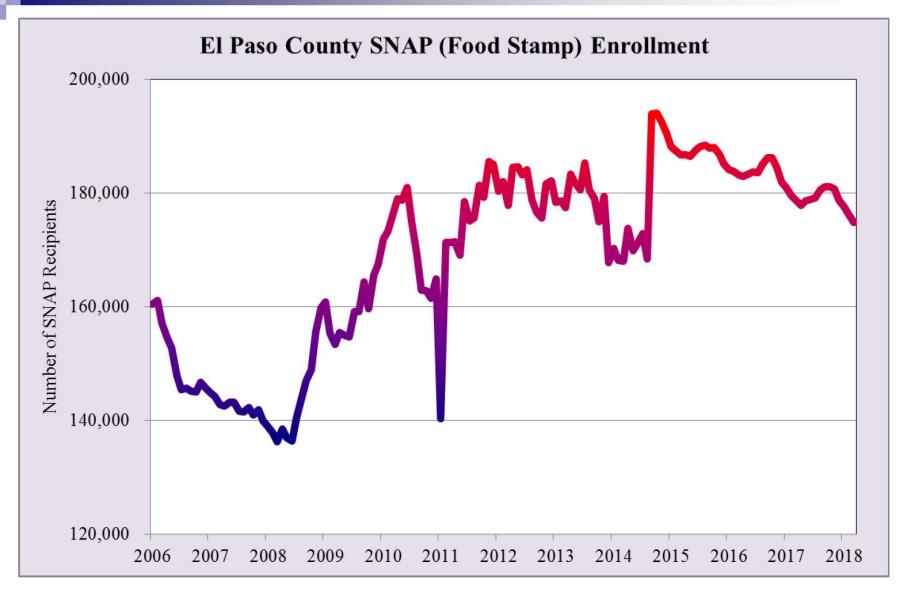
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

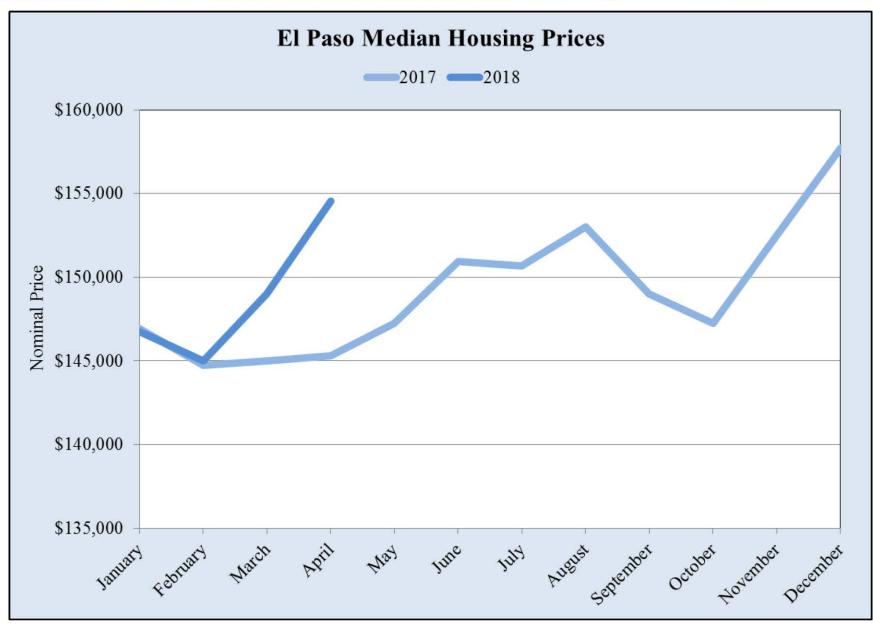


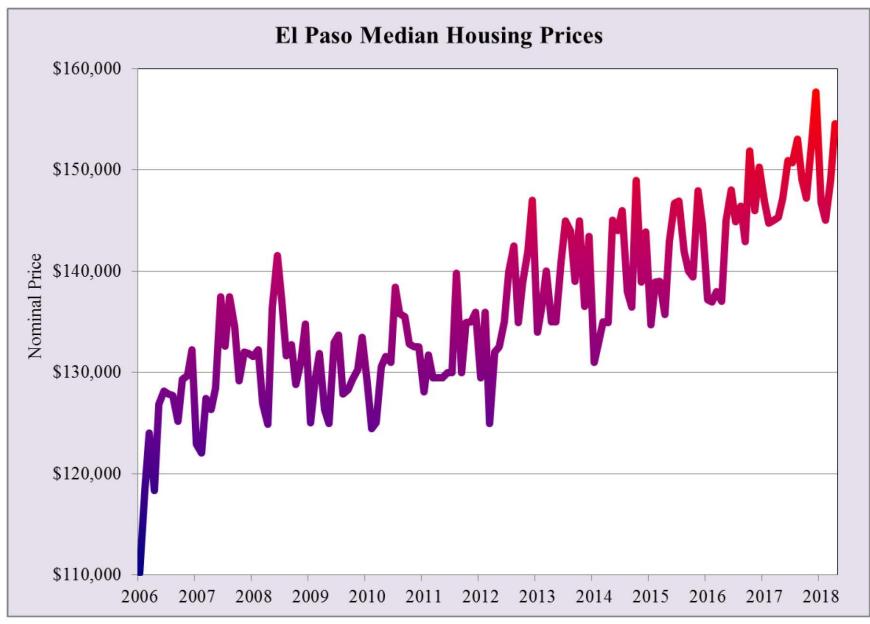
Source: Texas Health and Human Services Commission

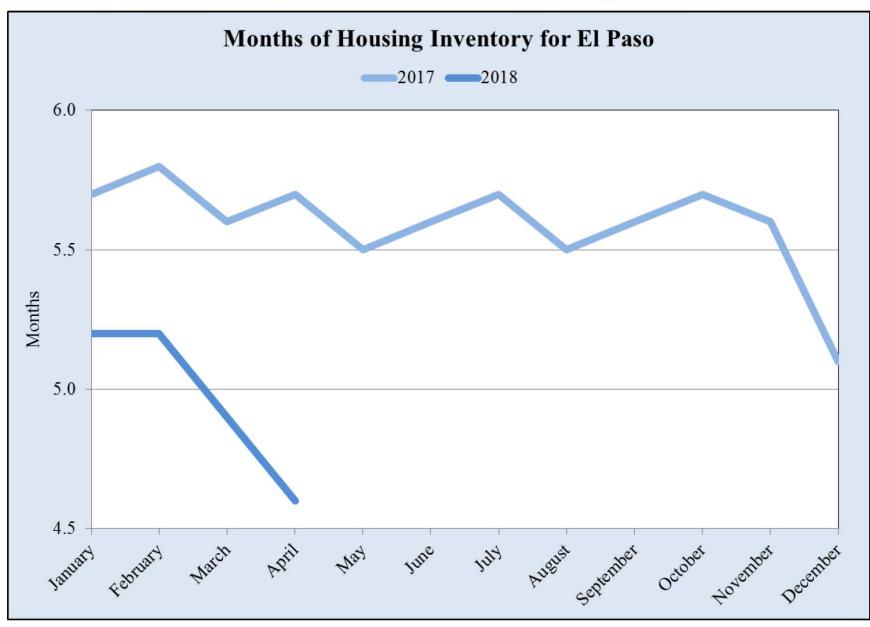


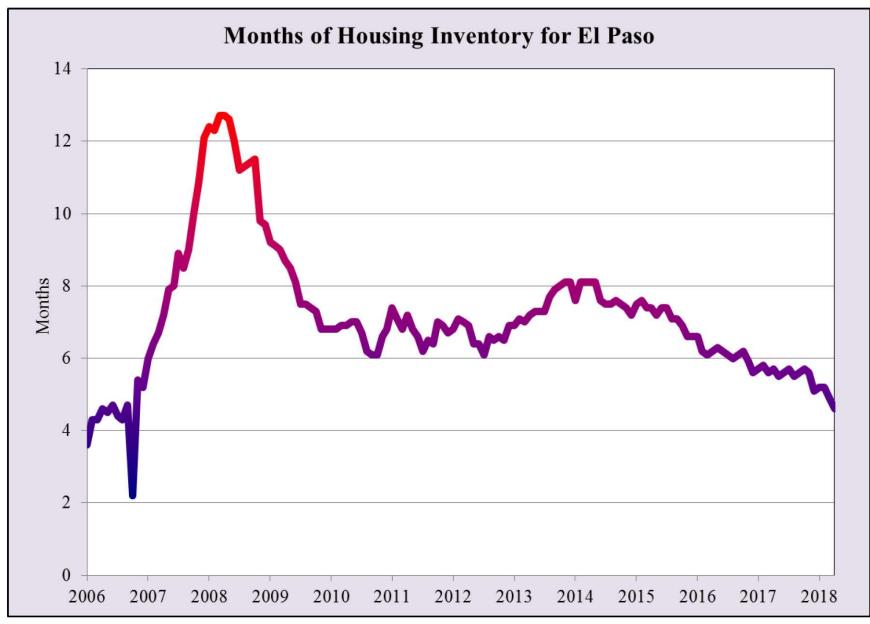
Starting in September, 2014, the number of SNAP recipients is recorded for the end of each month.

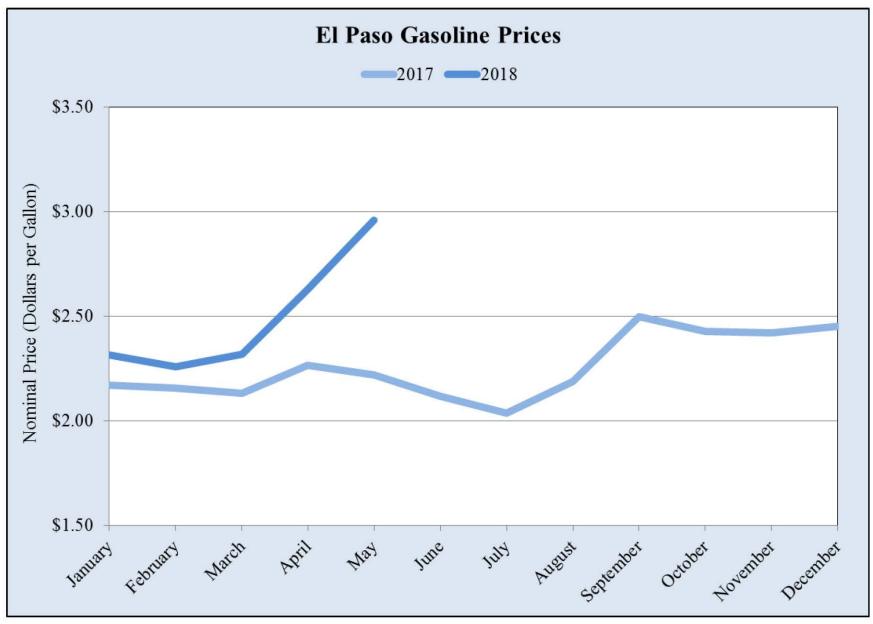
Source: Texas Health and Human Services Commission



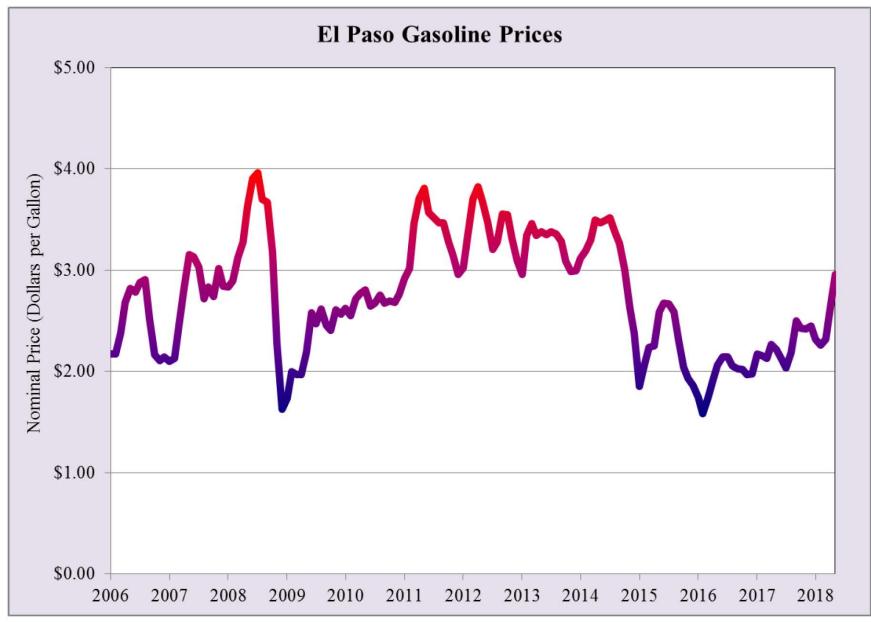




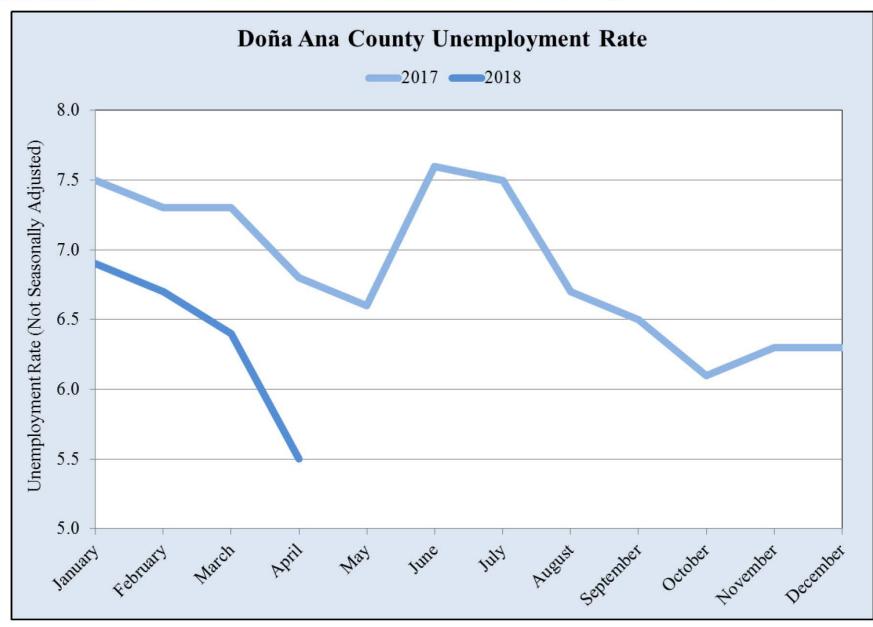




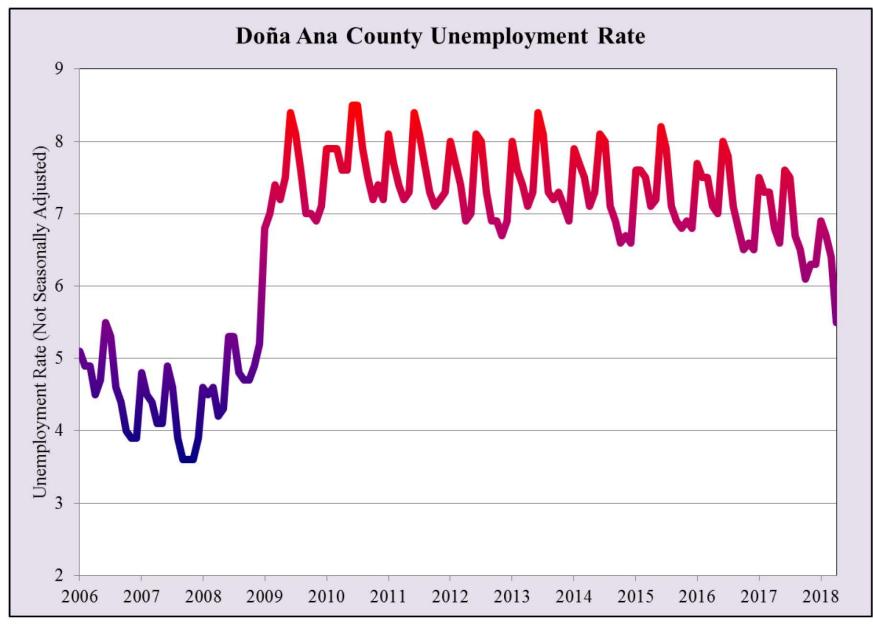
Source: GasBuddy.com



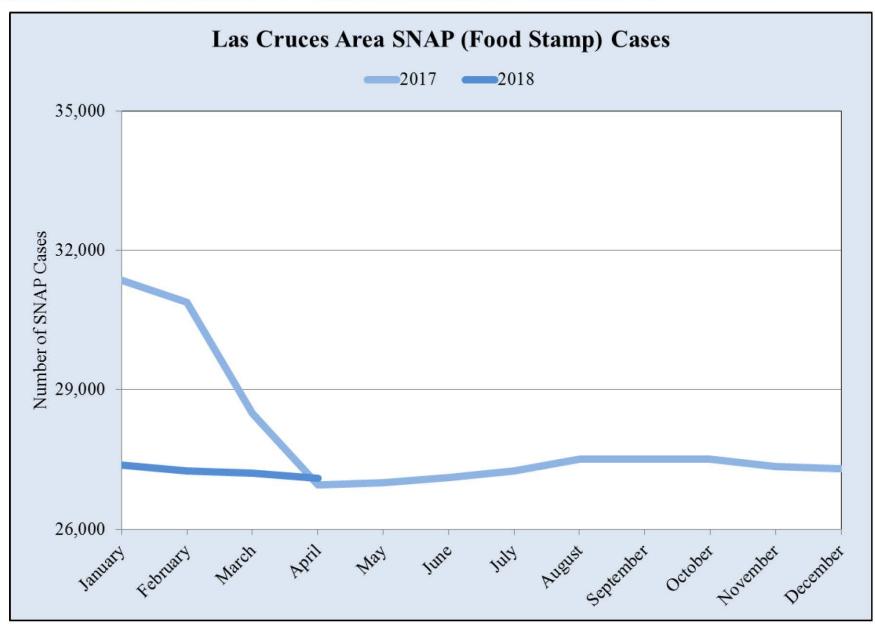
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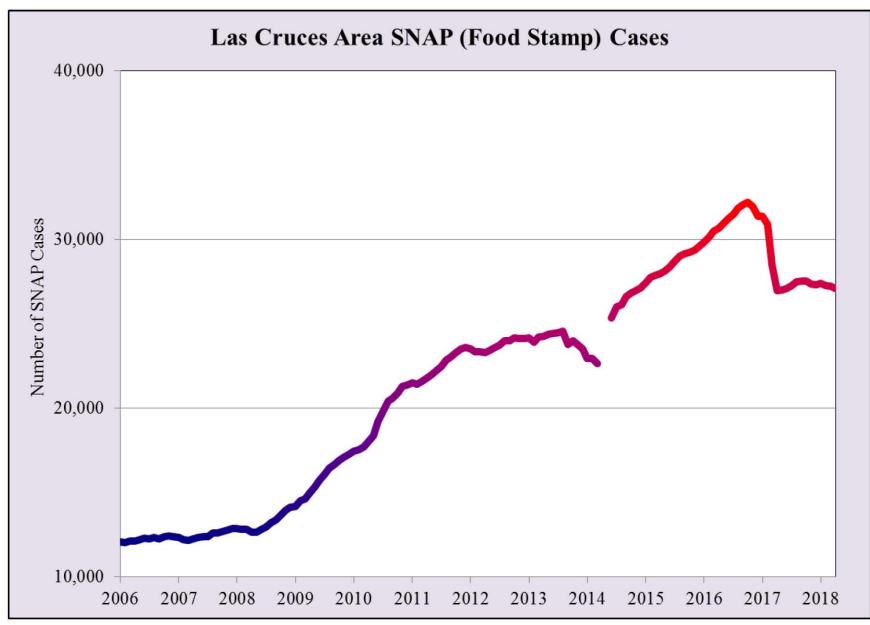
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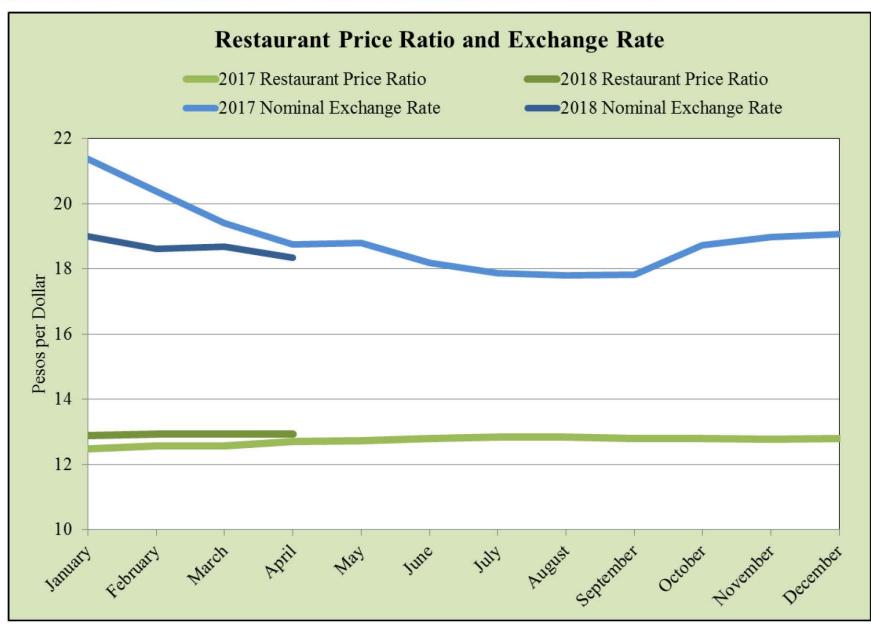
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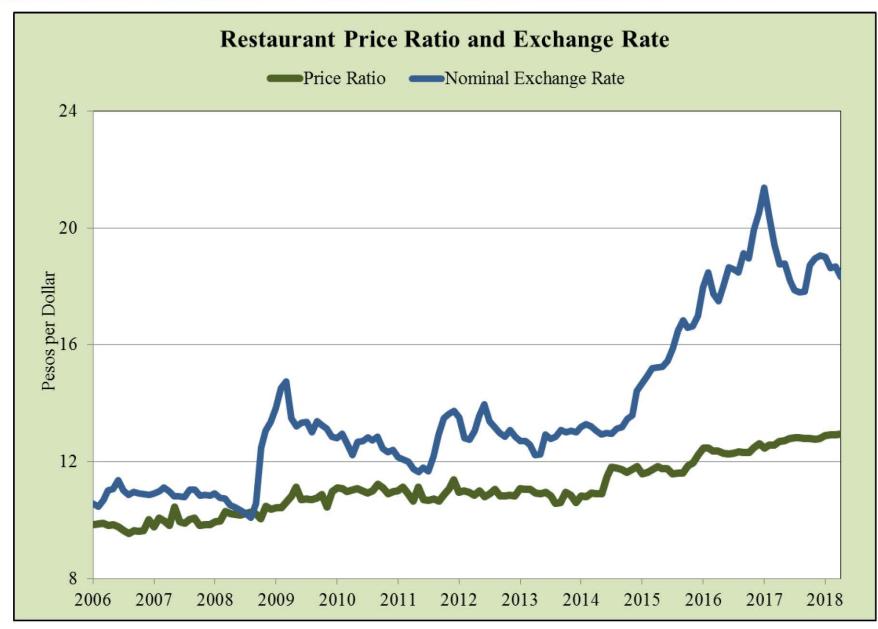
Source: New Mexico Human Services Department



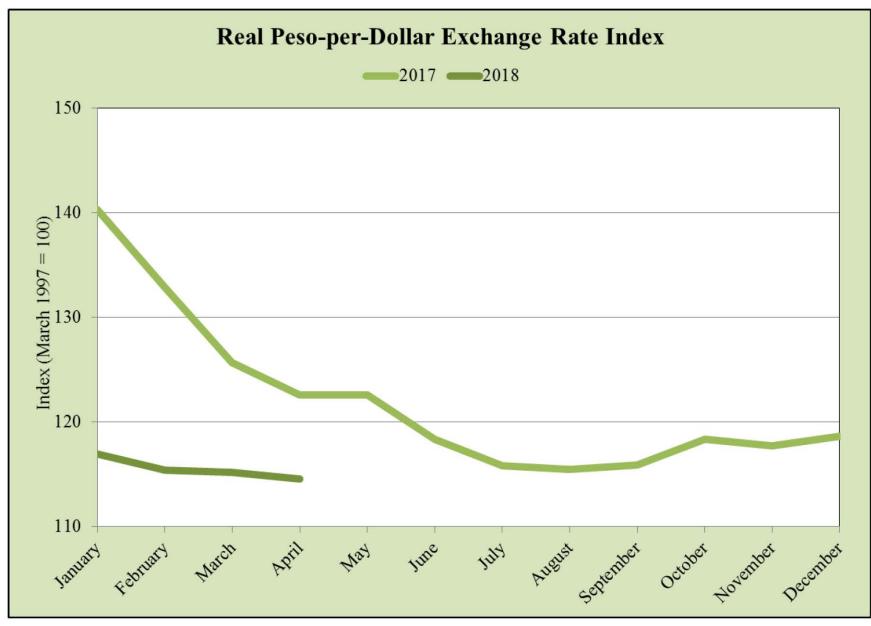
Source: New Mexico Human Services Department



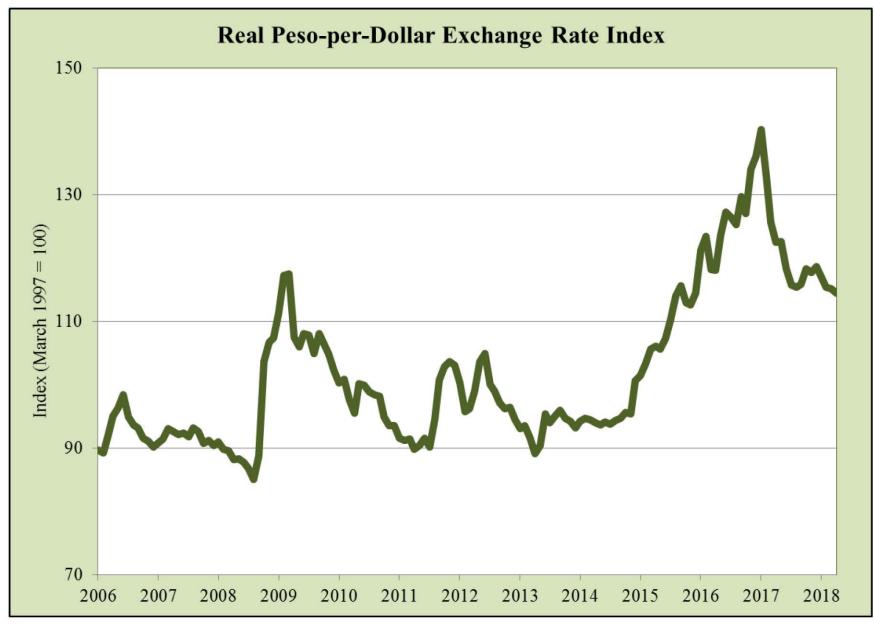
Source: UTEP Border Region Modeling Project and Banco de Mexico



Source: UTEP Border Region Modeling Project and Banco de Mexico



Source: UTEP Border Region Modeling Project



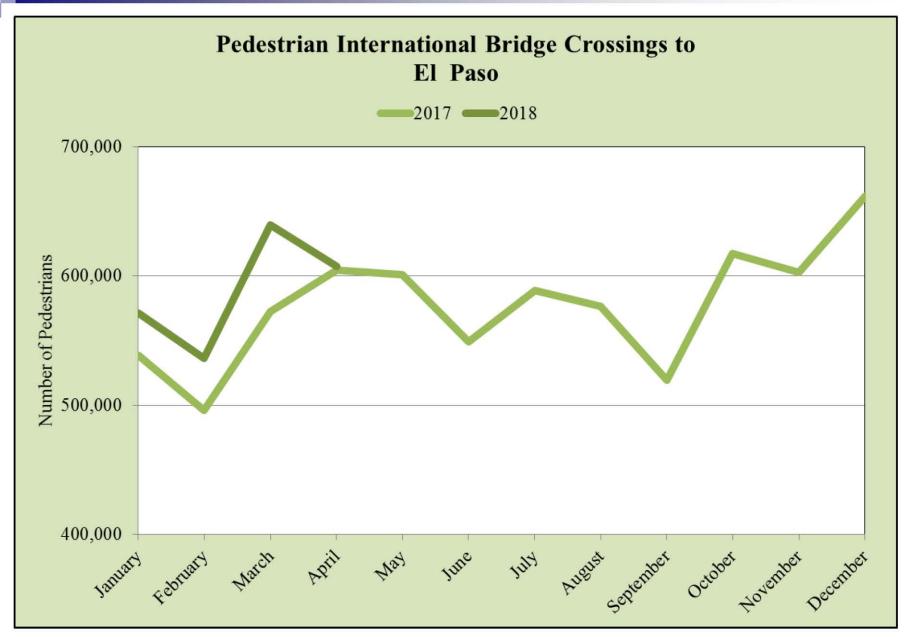
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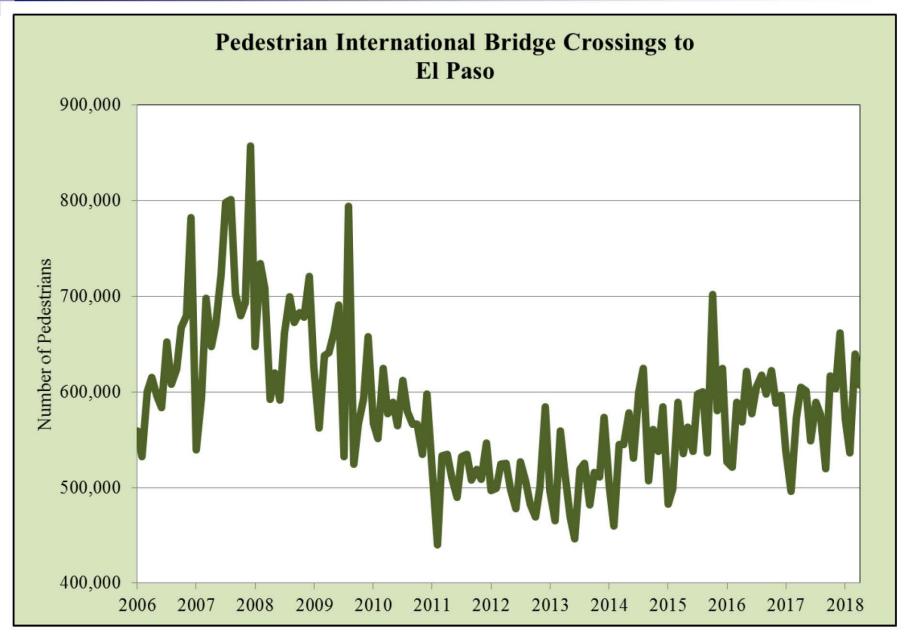
Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Customs and Border Protection



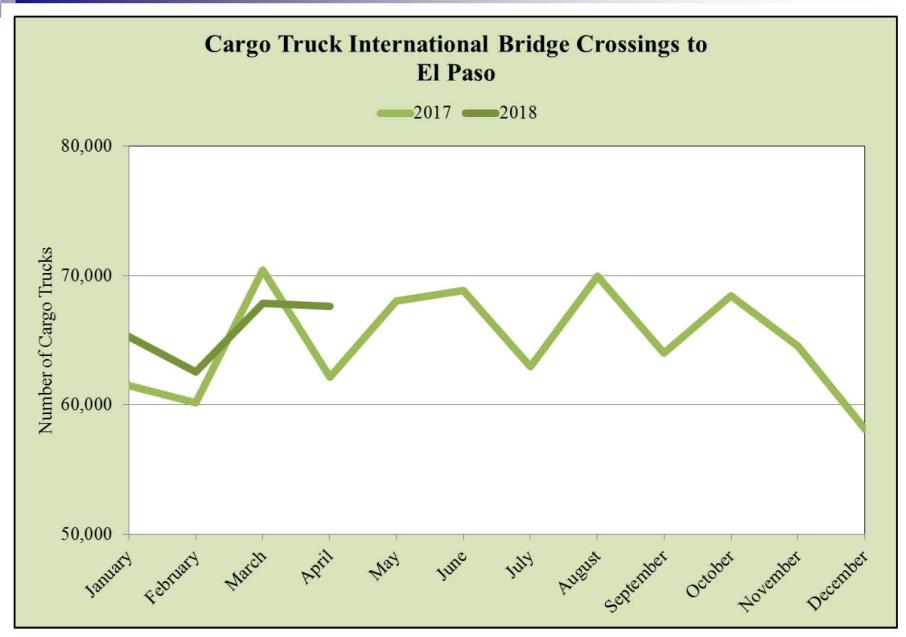
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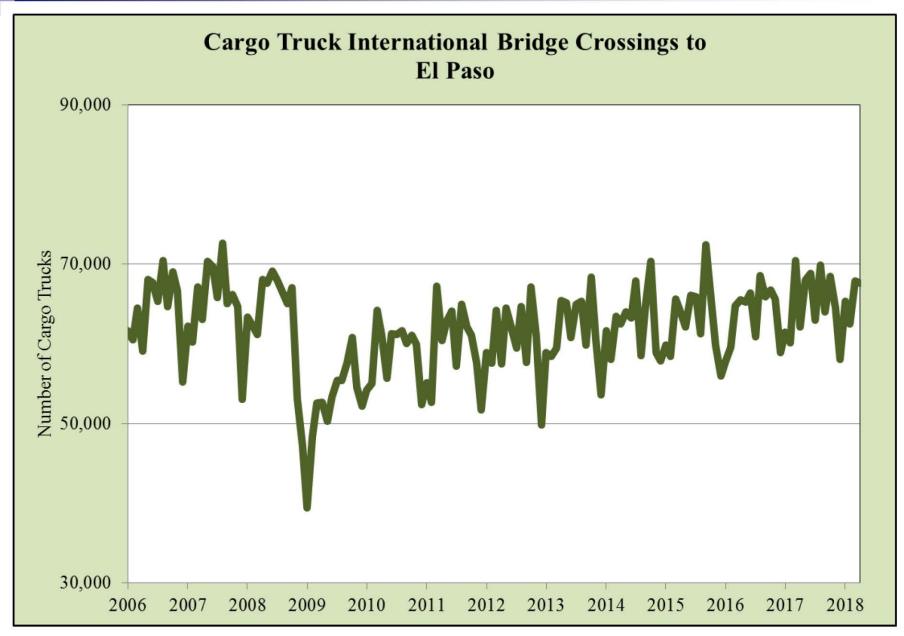
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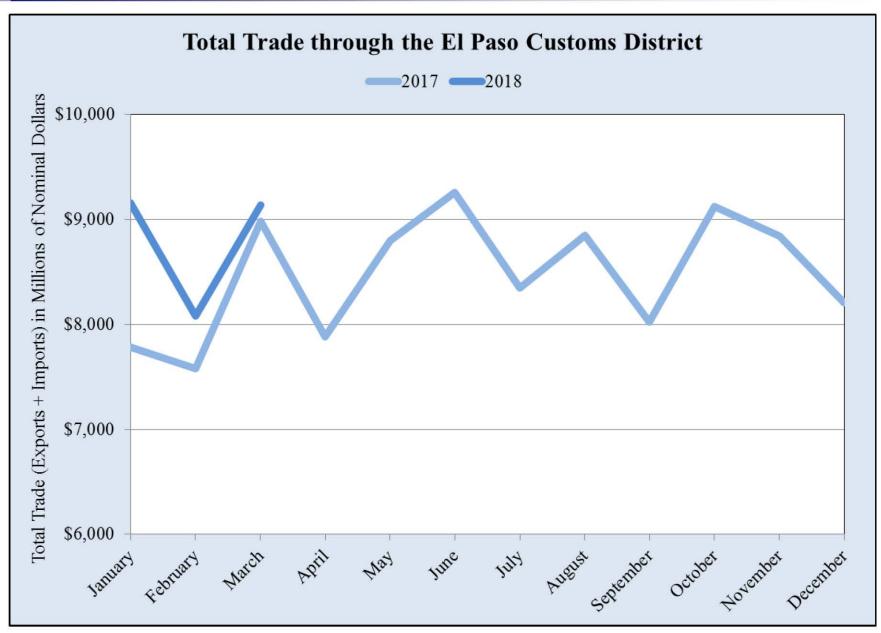
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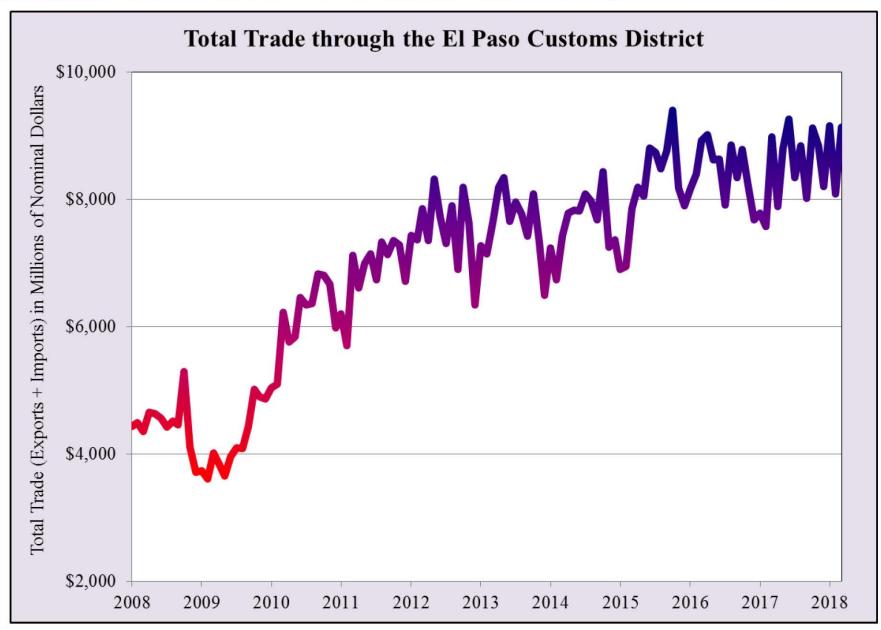
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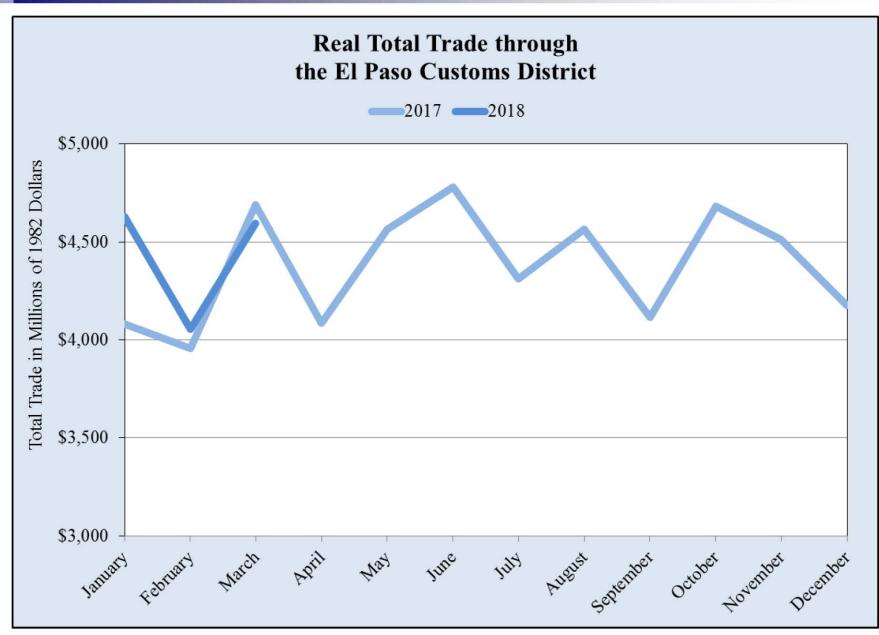
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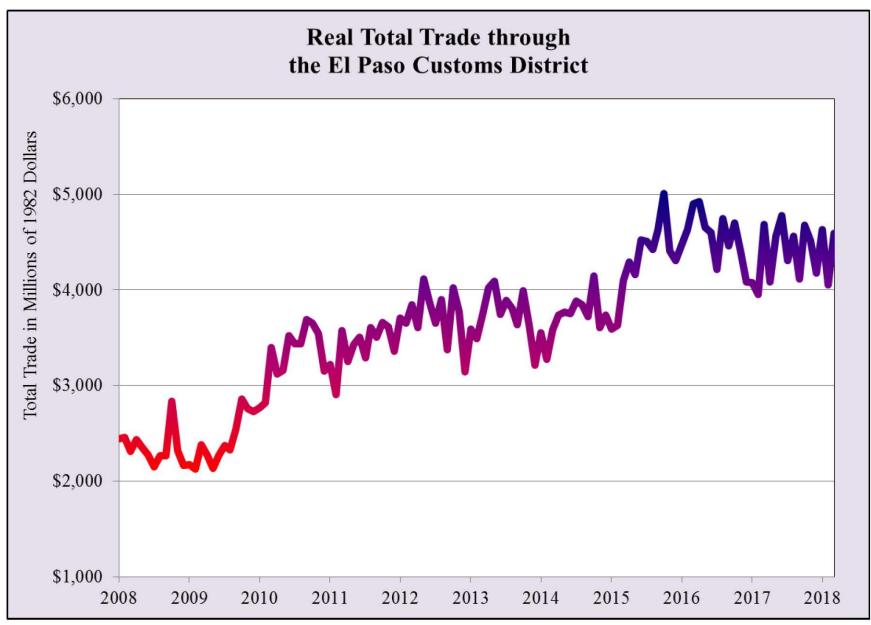
Source: U.S. International Trade Commission



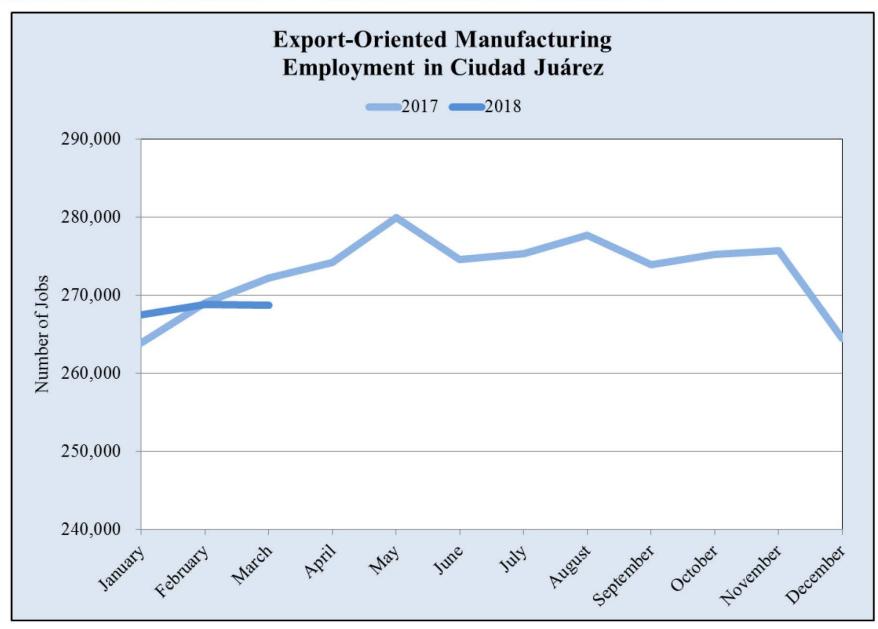
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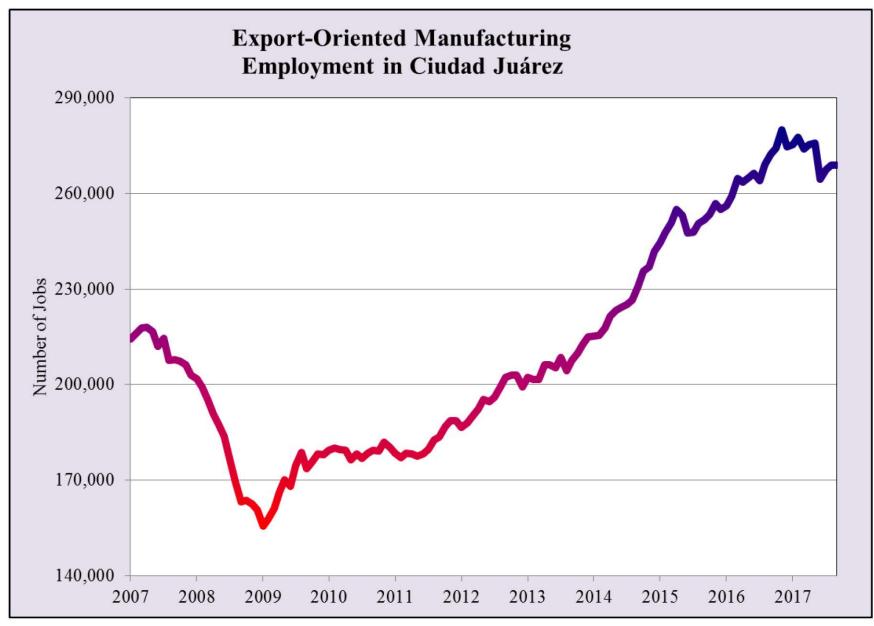


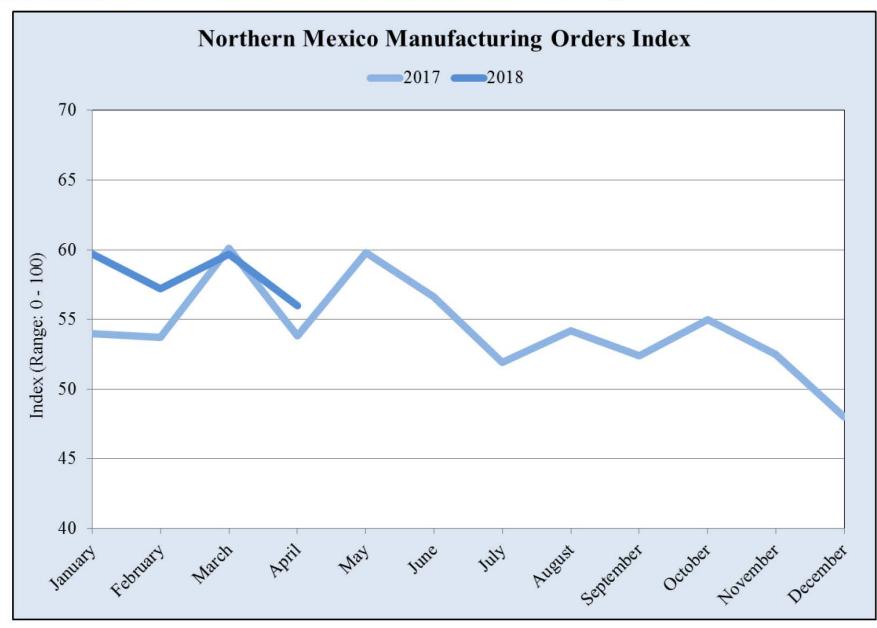
Source: U.S. International Trade Commission and Bureau of Labor Statistics



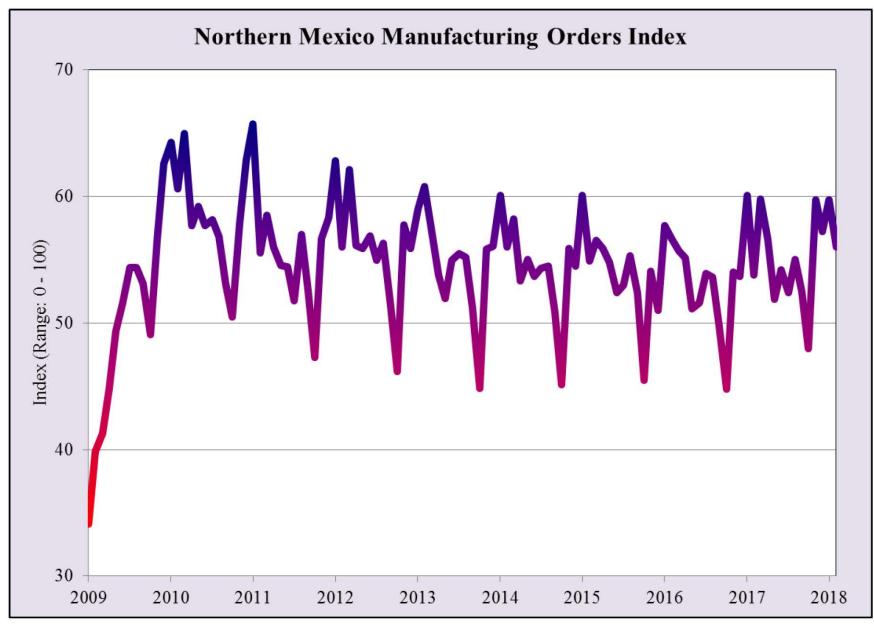
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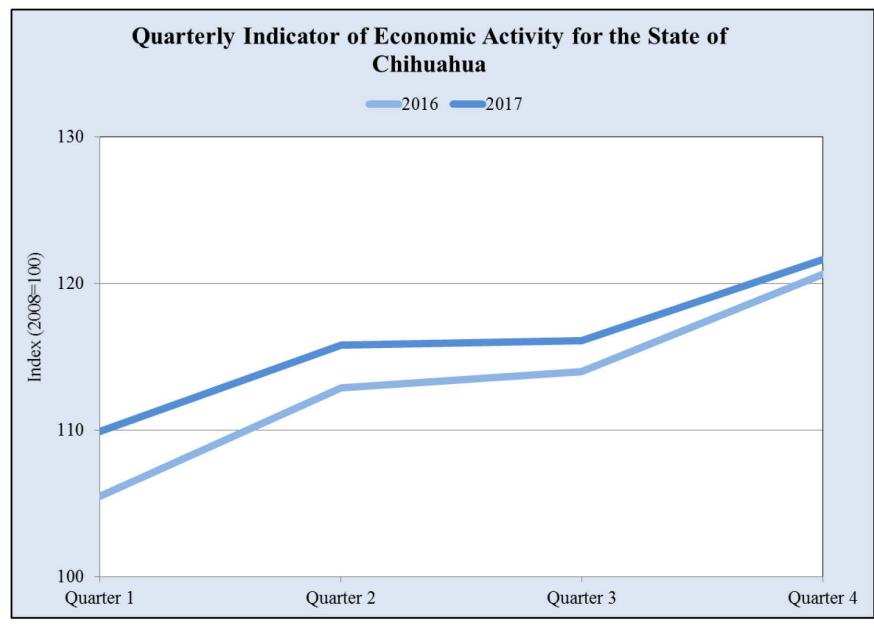


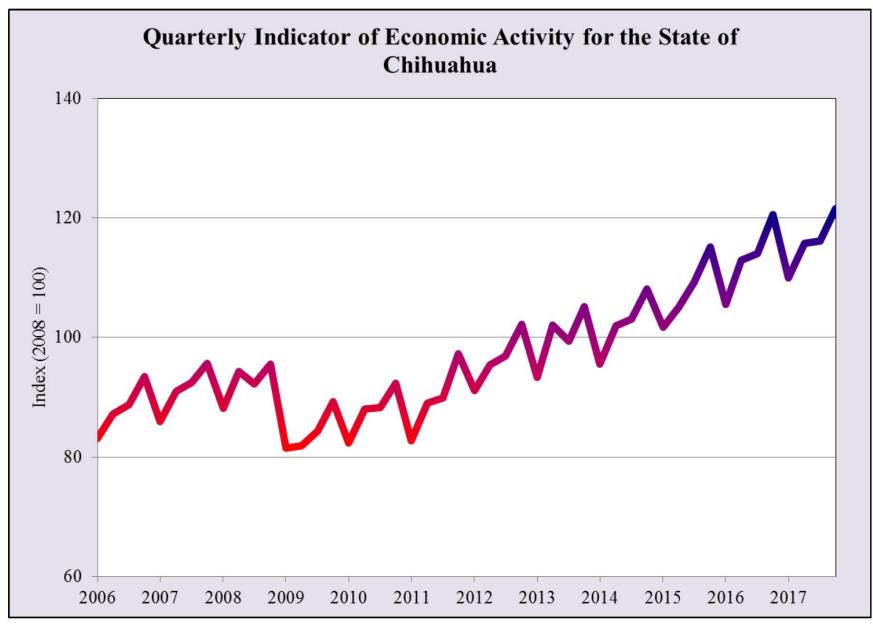


Source: Banco de México

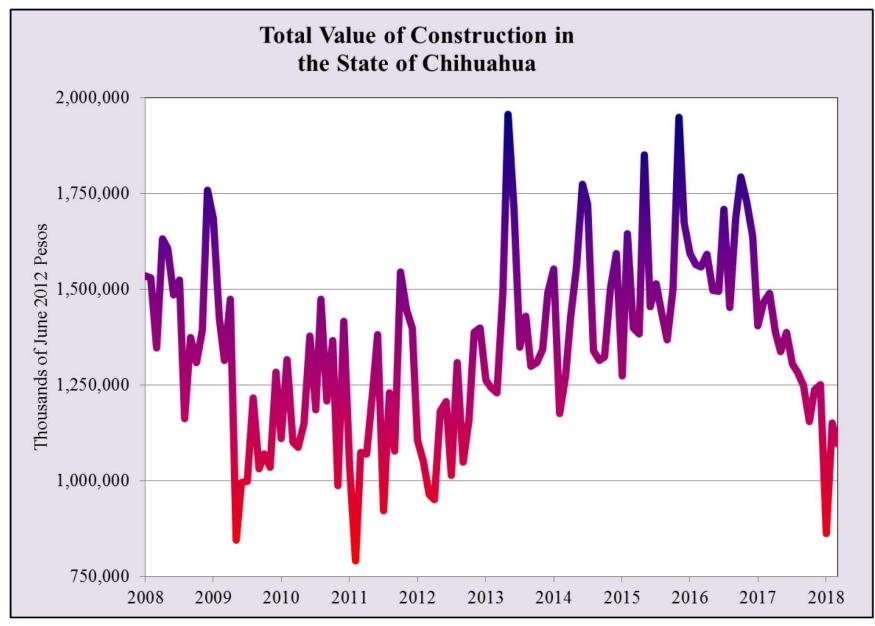


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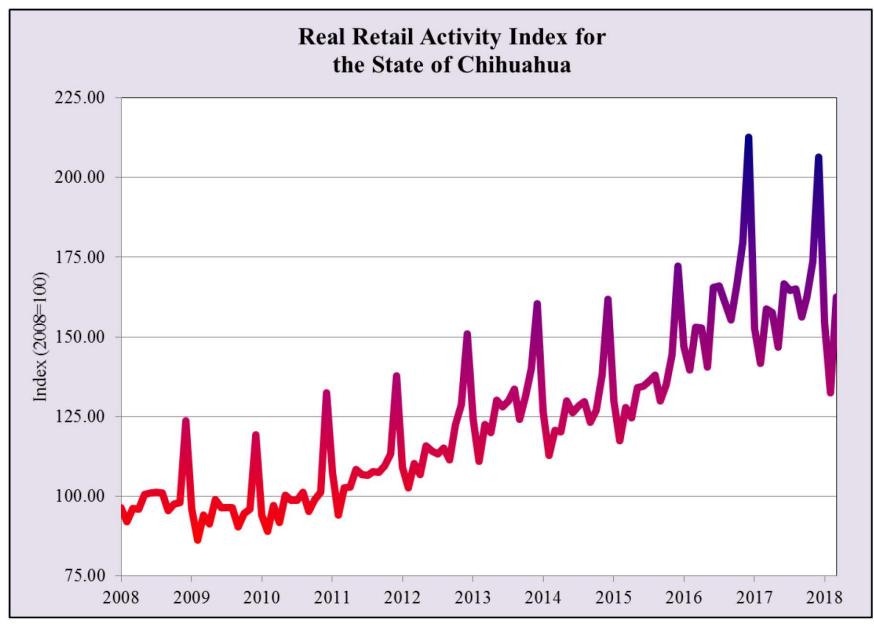














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