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The Nova cover design of artist Bassel Wolfe centers around the 1966 Outstanding Ex-Student, Ray Lockhart, just as Homecoming itself is centered around the Outstanding Exe. Homecoming is many other things too, as the cover and inside features reveal.

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Second-class postage paid at El Paso, Texas. NOVA is published quarterly by the News and Information Service, THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT EL PASO-Texas Western College, El Paso, Texas 79999. It is sent without charge or obligation to former students and friends of the College.
Consider a scholar whose interests and writings range from Chaucer to Jesse James, from Shakespeare to the argot of the Pachuco, from Gertrude Stein to the Pan-American Road Race, from Mark Twain to bullfighting, from narcotic peddling to Pecos Bill, and from Edgar Allan Poe to Pancho Villa. This remarkable diversity of interests is that of Dr. Haldeen Braddy, professor of English at UTEP. Dr. Braddy first taught in Greenwich Village at New York University in 1929 and at eight other institutions distant from El Paso before coming to the Texas border in 1946. He is, as the "from-to" list indicates, a versatile scholar. A look at his bibliography shows he has written books on Chaucer, Hamlet, Poe, Villa and English Literature plus scholarly papers on all the...
Villa—Carl Sandburg called him the “Rock of the People”

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Blackjack Pershing on the Border, 1916

Blackjack Pershing on the Border, 1916

rest—including 25 published works on Chaucer alone.

Now Dr. Braddy has turned again to a subject that has long interested him: Pershing’s Mission in Mexico is the title of the book, published by the Texas Western Press, 1966. It is “an interrupted work of a decade,” and also marks the 50th anniversary of the Puni­
tive Expedition of 1916-17. And it is definitive—an important word among scholars—the most carefully and pains­
takingly researched b o o k to date on the matter of Pershing’s year-long chase of Francisco Villa through the searing desert and high mountain coun­
try of Chihuahua State.

Richard O’Connor, the Ellsworth, Maine, biographer and author of Blackjack Pershing, contributed the introduc­
tion to the new book. O’Connor said he considered Dr. Braddy’s study to have filled an important gap in American history.

“There are many very good reasons why I chose to write the book and why I felt it was worth the 10 years, off and on, it took to gather the material,” Dr. Braddy said. “To begin with, El Paso is the best of all possible places to write such a book. Pershing was here when the Columbus Raid occurred. This was a jumping-off place and Columbus itself is only 80 miles to the west. Carr­
izal, Agua Caliente, Parral and other Mexican towns where important skirmishes took place are within easy dis­
tance from El Paso. Newspaper cover­
age of Villa and Pershing’s activities was immense. Many of the survivors of the campaign—on both sides of the Rio Grande—still live in or near El Paso. It is like s t u d y i n g Chaucer while living next door to the British Museum.”

This is not to say that the official documentation was within easy reach. Under the Organized Research Fund, directed by UTEP-TWC Professor Rob­
er L. Schumaker, Dr. Braddy was able to make three trips to Washin gton, three to Mexico City, and one trip to the University of Missouri to study the extensive Pershing Collection in the General’s home state.

“I also had some good help in the project,” says Dr. Braddy. “Four stu­
dent assistants over a six-year period: Mrs. Frances Milchen Brown, Myrna Cuaron, Carlie Van Waller, and Richard Escontrias. Then there were 30 ‘inform-
ants'—Americans and Mexicans who were involved in the campaign and whose recollections were priceless. I realized when I set out on the project that the survivors' information had to be preserved immediately. Ten of them have died since I began the work."

The Pershing Expedition, says the author, was not just a passing military incident in the time-stream of American history. "Its importance is probably still not quite grasped. The Mexican adventure marked the first time aircraft were used for military purposes; the first time an army was motorized; the first time overhead machinegun fire was used; and the first time supplies were dropped by air and wounded evacuated by air. It was also the longest guerrilla war before Korea and Viet Nam."

There was one even greater significance. "Mexico was a proving ground for our troops," the author remarks, "and for that alone, Villa may have done this country a great favor. When Blackjack Pershing crossed the Rio Grande in pursuit, there were only rumbles that America would join in the fighting in Europe's great upheaval that began in 1914.

We had no really battle-seasoned troops since the Spanish-American War and the Philippine insurrections that followed it. Mexico and the Pershing Expedition gave us a beginning, at least, of a real fighting division—the Big Red One—and when war was declared in April, 1917, Pershing, as commander of the A. E. F., had every right to feel confidence in his troops. They had endured deprivations and encountered a very real enemy in the Mexican desert country."

With Pershing's Mission in Mexico off Carl Hertzog's press, other scholarly subjects have already beckoned: for one, a return to Chaucer. He has been invited to write a chapter for the Oxford Companion to Chaucer. He also has signed a contract to write a book on King Alfred the Great (849-901), the Father of England.

There is a great chasm of time and subject matter in his intellectual interests—between Pershing and King Alfred, for example—but it's a good demonstration of the infinite variety of the Haldeen Braddy type of scholarship.
E. R. Lockhart, Chairman of the Board and president of El Paso Electric Company, is the Outstanding Ex-Student of the College for 1966.

Mr. Lockhart attended the College from 1929 to 1931 and later received both the Bachelor’s and Master’s degrees in engineering from California Institute of Technology.

The Outstanding Ex-Student is the axle of the Homecoming wheel. Around him revolves the spirit and activities of Homecoming. He is honored at the annual Homecoming dinner, scheduled at 7 p.m., November 11, this year. He is present in the Homecoming parade, is guest of honor at the pre-game festivities on Homecoming day and is presented at half-time of the Homecoming football game.

Mr. Lockhart was selected by a committee of six faculty members and six alumni. Francis C. Broaddus, Jr., chairman of the committee, stated that Mr. Lockhart’s selection “was an obvious one.”

“The Outstanding Ex-Student,” said Mr. Broaddus, “is selected on the basis of his service to society, success in his profession, and demonstrated interest in the College. On all of these points, Mr. Lockhart was and is outstanding.”

This is believed to be only the second time in its history that the Ex-Students Association selected a non-graduate for its highest award. In 1950, Brig. Gen. S.L.A. Marshall, the eminent military historian and author, received the coveted certificate, but other recipients have been degree holders.

The Outstanding Ex-Student for 1966 has had a distinguished career. He began as an engineer for El Paso Electric in 1934, joined the Brockton (Mass.) Edison Company as engineer in 1939, and in 1941 was named vice-president and director of Stone & Webster Service Corporation of New York. He returned to El Paso as president of the Electric Company in 1963, and became chairman of the board the following year.

His list of civic accomplishments is impressive, ranging from a directorship of the Texas Research League, a nonprofit organization devoted to serving the state, to trusteeships of the YMCA and YWCA.

He is a member of the UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT EL PASO—Texas Western College Study and Advisory Committee, a citizen’s organization dedicated to advancement of the College and he was one of the committee members who made the presentation for a name change to the Board of Regents last spring. The presentation led to the present designation of the College and Mr. Lockhart and his associates are hopeful that it will result in official action by the Legislature in changing the institution’s name to The University of Texas at El Paso.

Mr. Lockhart has been generous with his time and abilities on behalf of the College and his company has been equally generous in its support of the College Excellence Fund, scholarship program and athletic fund.

Ray Lockhart is not the only member of his family with close ties with the College. His wife, the former Alice Brunner, received her degree from TCM in 1935, and his sister, Mrs. A. H. Witholder, graduated in 1936.

He is a quiet, soft-spoken man who is not given to reminiscing. He recalls the college of his student days fondly as “a good school, small enough that you could know almost everyone, students and faculty.”

One of his fondest memories recalls a trip as student manager of the football team in 1930 to Austin, where the Miners played the University of Texas.

“We had a good team that year. Followers like Thad Steele, Virgil Neugebauer, Tommy O’Donnell, J. B. Andrews, Ray Dwiggins and a guard named ZuZu Stewart who later made All-American at another college. We held Texas scoreless for three quarters before they wore us down and beat us 28-0. It was quite a day.”
THE BELLs ARE RINGING

Carillon: a set of stationary bells, each producing one tone of the chromatic scale, sounded by means of a keyboard or by a clockwork mechanism.

- Webster's.

The electronic equipment and keyboard console of the UTEP Schulmerich “Americana” Carillon is located on the third floor of the physics building; the speakers perch on top of the mountain north of the building. Together, a tonal equivalent of over 100,000 pounds of cast bells is produced each day, sending across the campus a selection of melodies as diverse as “Gaudeamus Igitur” and “Celito Lindo.”

THE BIGGEST EVER...

One opening sentence that is no longer used by Homecoming publicity writers is the one that goes “Homecoming___will be the biggest ever!” Time was when you just filled in the blank. But just for tradition’s sake, Homecoming 1966 will be the biggest ever! For a comparison, you might read the story on the very first Homecoming at the College elsewhere in this issue of Nova. The 1966 schedule follows. For more details, contact the Alumni Office, your department, or just ask around.

HOMECOMING SCHEDULE

November 11—Friday evening.

6:45 P.M. Carillon Concert
7 p.m., Banquet honoring Outstanding Ex-Student, officers and directors of the Ex-Students’ Association. SUB dining room. Reservations through Alumni Office.

November 12—Saturday.

Department Breakfasts for all ex-students. For information or reservations write or call department involved, or Alumni Office.
7 a.m., Math and Physics. Rodeway Inn, 6201 Gateway W.
7 a.m., Music. Mesa Pancake Cottage.
7:30 a.m., Business Administration, sponsored by Delta Sigma Pi. SUB Smack Bar.
8 a.m., Geology. Sheraton Inn, 4151 N. Mesa.
8:30 a.m., Engineering. Bell Hall Dining Room.
8:30 A.M. Carillon Concert
10 a.m., Homecoming Parade, downtown El Paso. Theme is “Soaring Sixties.”
Class of 1939 Reunion: arrangements are in progress. Mrs. Edith Zanker is chairman.
10:30 a.m., Class of 1946, Brunch, Sheraton.
11:30 a.m., Class of 1941 Silver Anniversary Brunch. Sheraton.
12:00, Beanfeed, Kidd Field, for all exes and students. Awards to be presented for house decorations and for parade floats. Carillons will play.
12:30 p.m., Journalism Luncheon.
1:30 p.m., Lloyd A. Nelson Memorial Professorship Committee. President’s Conference Room, Administration Bldg.
4:00 p.m., Cocktail party, dinner. Sheraton, $7.50; includes cocktail party (4:530), dinner (5:30-6:30), transportation to and from game, post game dance. Tickets through Alumni Office.
7:20 P.M., Carillon Concert
8 p.m., Homecoming Game, UTEP vs. Wyoming.
11 p.m., Homecoming Dance, Sheraton.
At two-thirty on a chilly November 9th afternoon in the year 1929, a throng of 1,700 people surged into the El Paso High School stadium. The crowd included almost the entire student body of New Mexico State University of Las Cruces, almost all 606 students of the College of Mines and Metallurgy of El Paso, plus 22 alumni of the Mines who received special invitations.

A part of the total had eaten a hearty luncheon that day at the Hotel Hussmann, sponsored by the El Paso and Las Cruces Kiwanis Clubs; a good number had participated in a bonfire rally at Scenic Point the night before, and an even greater number would take part in a party at the Green Lantern Cafe in Juarez that night.

But, for the moment, 1,700 pairs of eyes were focusing attention on a football game. It was the first Homecoming game in the history of the Mines.

"Homecoming," that assayer of student opinion, the Prospector, had said, "is for graduates and upperclassmen in the College to become acquainted. As the years go by, old associations are forgotten; this day will revive all old ties."

Earlier in the 1929 season, the Miners (or the "Muckers" as the Prospector interchangeably called them) had defeated the New Mexico Miners 46-0, and had fought Sul Ross to a scoreless tie. The Aggies had drubbed Socorro 52-7 and had lost to the Arizona Wildcats 28-0. Not since 1926, when a last-minute rally resulted in a dropkick and a final score of 10-8, had the Aggies been able to win a game from the Miners. The 1928 game, under Coach Doc Stewart's guidance, ended 6-0 with the Aggies on the short end.

The new Miner Coach, Mack Saxon (who also coached basketball and had some fine returning letterman in that sport, including team captain Joe Friedkin), anticipated a brisk battle with the Aggies, knowing that Coach Jerry Hines' team had power and strength but little seasoning.

The El Paso Times, reporting the game the next morning, said "It was a contest of many thrills and much good playing. The Aggies were outplayed by Coach Saxon's eleven but they put up a stubborn fight and kept the Miners battling to keep them from the danger zone."

There were at least three heroes on the Miner's team that first Homecoming game: halfbacks Joseph Weldon "Doggie" Byrne and Jeff Campbell and quarterback J. B. Andrews. Doggie Byrne dominated the game. The Prospector reported, "Doggie had the crowd gasping with enthusiasm time after time with his sterling all-round play. It was Doggie Byrne who ran around the ends; it was Doggie Byrne who intercepted the Aggie pass and who ran through the entire Aggie team for a touchdown."
J. B. Andrews Jeff Campbell

HOMECOMING '29

Town, the only one in the game, was ully described by the Times: "Doggie ranged far and wide and skipped through the Aggie team for many good gains. He was here, there and everywhere. He rose to great heights in the last quarter and he leaped through the Aggie team for many good gains. He was here, there and everywhere. He rose to great heights in the last quarter and he leaped into the air to snare Choates' long pass on the Aggie 25 and raced through the team for the lone touchdown. The Aggies didn't have a chance to get Doggie. He came to the ground on the run and headed full-speed for the left side of the field. The Aggies started out to intercept him. But Doggie left them flat. When he reached the 10 yard line he put back with no loss of speed and went over the goal line. Not an Aggie player touched him."

As the punter, Doggie Byrne also brought the crowd to its feet when one of his 50-yarders arched up, lingered a long moment, then fell to strike Miner Thad Steele on the back. J. B. Andrews, the Times reported, "disdained to wear a headgear in the first half but was in almost every play. He broke up play after play behind the Aggie line and hurled many Aggies for losses." Andrews also accounted for the first score of the game, a safety.

The third hero of the day for the Miners was Captain Jeff Campbell. "He has proved," the Prospector reported, "that he is a football player... In this game he also proved his gameness. On the second play after he entered he had one rib cracked. He had just got out of a sick bed to play. Before the game, it was announced that he would be unable to play and when he went in as a substitute, the entire stands rose to cheer him. When he left the game on the next to last play, they rose and cheered again."

The final score was Miners 8, Aggies 0. The El Paso team made eight first downs to the Aggies' two and the Miners led in penalties, being assessed a total of 115 yards to the Aggies' 65.

That night, a football dance was held at the Woman's Club and the parking lot was filled with cars decorated with white and orange streamers. Guests of honor were the Miner starting eleven: Bob Saxon and Odie Pearce at end; Charlie Caldwell and Richard Flynn at tackle; Burley Bill Sullivan and Bennie Smith at guard; Thad Steele at center; Jeff Campbell and Doggie Byrne at halfback; J. B. Andrews at quarterback and Bob Emmett at full.

In the midst of the "general spirit of rejoicing," three important decisions were made in that first Homecoming year: first, that the custom of Homecoming be made an annual one; second, that a permanent Ex-Students Association be instituted; and third, that a fund be established to help the Athletic Association. For the latter, a total of $545 was contributed during the victory banquet. Cap Kidd, Professor Bert R. Haige, and Gideon Fischer were in charge of the arrangements.
Frank B. Cotton came to El Paso in 1881, the same year the railroads came through to transform a dusty little border town into a hub of Southwestern life and commerce. Cotton's six-month stay in El Paso, which he characterized as “the greatest adventure of my life,” was to prove, 57 years later, a most propitious visit in the future of this institution.

Cotton, a Bostonian, inherited a profitable business, the American Tube Works, from his father. And, at the time of his El Paso adventure, he had hoped to find valuable ore deposits in this area. It was on this speculative basis that he bought 29,000 acres of barren land in Hudspeth and Culberson counties plus a strip of 400 acres in El Paso.

Frank Cotton died in 1907 and just before his death he appointed a prominent El Paso real-estate man, Otis J. Coles, agent for management of the Cotton lands. Walter B. Grant, a Boston attorney and jurist, and William C. Cotton, a brother, had been named trustees and executors of the Cotton Estate. William Cotton died shortly after his brother, leaving Judge Grant the sole executor and trustee.

In the years between Frank Cotton’s death and 1937, the property taxes on the Cotton land mounted to a point where sale of portions of the property failed to erase the deficit. The tax arrears, it became clear to Judge Grant, prohibited hope of ever developing the land properly.

In September, 1937, the Judge began correspondence with the Board of Regents of the University of Texas for the purpose of transferring the Cotton Estate land to a Texas institution for educational purposes. Judge Grant, in conferences with Otis Coles, Attorney W. H. Burges, and President D. M. Wiggins of the College of Mines, made it known that as executor he felt no compulsion to lay down strict rules on use of the land. He left these decisions to the Board of Regents. The phrase, “no control or dominion over the estate after conveyance of title to the State” was included in Judge Grant’s papers which turned over the property to the College of Mines in 1938.

The enabling legislation, with the aid of Otis Coles, erased all tax arrears on the property.

In 1960, a committee of prominent El Paso businessmen was named to study the estate and make recommendations for possible development of the properties. The Cotton Estate Advisory Committee is headed by Sam D. Young, and members are J. Francis Morgan, Thornton Hardie, Dale Resler, Jack C. Vowell, Harlan H. Hugg, Pat DeWitt, Richard Miller and J. Ted Cottle.

Income from the Cotton Estate has made possible the building named for Mr. Cotton, studies in fine arts and various scholarships. Among the latter are graduate scholarships in the amount of $5,500 this year alone which have been awarded to graduate students in education, physics, history, English, psychology, and political science.
In August, 1966, approximately 146 acres of Cotton Estate property in the Chamizal area was sold for $2.29 million to the United States government. The land will be returned to Mexico in the settlement of the Chamizal boundary dispute.

The funds from the Chamizal settlement will become a cornerstone of the College’s Excellence Program. The proceeds are being invested with other Cotton Trust funds and the income, which may approximate $100,000 per year, will be allocated for maximum effect upon academic performance.

This will permit the Excellence Fund Program to take on a new dimension. A substantial portion of the endowment income can be devoted to salary supplementation and thus enable the College to expand its nucleus of distinguished faculty members. By adding endowment funds to a salary provided by the normal budgetary source, this institution can compete with almost any college or university in seeking a particular teacher.

The Excellence Fund will continue to be applied as in the past to key areas of the Excellence Program such as the library, research, lecturers and consultants, and the Inter-American Affairs program. Thus, the new resources from the Cotton Estate will not displace Excellence Funds nor diminish the need for these private resources. They will increase the effectiveness of the Excellence Fund by extending its influence.

—Joseph M. Ray
Sam Vandiver was a Don Quixote when he worked for the El Paso Times 15 years ago. There were differences, of course. Sam, instead of straddling a Rosinante, strode the boards of the Times newsroom on foot, as copy boy, and instead of a lance, his armament consisted of a typewriter, an icebag for the fevered brows of football fans, and a large pin to puncture the blimps of tradition.

Sam's job was non-quixotic, but he considered it onerous and impractical, nonetheless. Every Saturday night, he was charged with putting together an avalanche of football scores that clacked over the teletype machines. It was lowly, boring work. The scores were clipped, sorted into geographical sections (East, Midwest, South, Rocky Mountain, Far West), typed on long lists, important scores were boldfaced, the lists were checked for duplication.

And Sam Vandiver hated football.

It was his earnest feeling too, that the sea of football scores he prepared were largely unexplored by the reader's eye. It was a theory Sam would test. He began by inventing teams and inserting their football fortunes into the scores column. Joyous triumphs and ignominious defeats sprang full-blown from his brow, but no one, excepting Sam Vandiver, cheered on the fortunes of Cretin U. over Wehbelow Normal. For two years, Merriman College was undefeated (breaking Notre Dame's record of 38 consecutive victories) until being edged out by Heathbert Tech, 7-6.

"Strangely enough," Sam later
wrote, "none of my teams got a bowl bid."

There came a time when the Times copyboy began to feel an awesome sense of power. No one had challenged his scores and he cockily felt his theory was proven.

Came a cold day in October, 1951, and Sam Vandiver overreached himself. "I was looking for a more dangerous game and found one: I decided to send messages through the football scores."

The first message was a relatively simple one. It appeared in the Times of October 11, 1951:

The South 31, Florida Tech 27.
Shallrise 7, Virginia Poly 3.
Again 21, Tennessee Normal 0.

It also appeared in Time Magazine, November 5, 1951, page 90, along with a story about the Times copyboy who wondered if anyone read the football scores. It seems that eagle-eyed Art Leibson, Times reporter and local correspondent for Time and Life, saw the unusual set of scores and found himself a story. Sam talked freely.

The Time story led to a conference between Sam Vandiver and Bill Latham, managing editor of the morning newspaper. From the conference came Sam's decision that working at a newspaper was taking a lot of time away from studies. He decided to resign. That Saturday night, Sam announced his decision in the scores column:

Gowin 31, MIT 0.
Dowin 14, Harrison U. 7
Blazen 6, U. 0.
Glory 21, Likeable U. 21 (tie.)

Then he rather hurriedly left the newsroom. Later, when he returned from supper, he saw a note on the bulletin board addressed to Sam Vandiver. With it was pasted the last scores he had discreetly attempted to ram through. The note read: "Dear Sam: Someone is reading the scores now, and his name is Bill Latham." The "Bill Latham" was in very big red letters.

Sam had tilted his last windmill. This is not to say the story had a sad ending. He was always made welcome in the Times newsroom after leaving their employ and he did devote himself solely (almost solely) to studying after that — graduating from TWC in 1953.

Today, Sam Vandiver is a far different man. He has completed his doctoral dissertation and is instructor in English at the University of Texas in Austin. He is married to "the prettiest girl in my first class of Freshman English," Julie, and is the father of Joseph David, born June 2, "a studious chap," says Sam, "he rolled himself over when he was a week old—now he can go both directions."

Between romps with Joe David, Sam admits his powers of idealism and iconoclasm have dwindled. He says he spends a lot of time worrying about mildew on his Crepe Myrtle and the nut grass invasion of his lawn.

It's all a far cry from the days when Sam Vandiver, (who was 20 when he graduated,) bought beer at Kern Place Tavern despite Dorothy Webb's strict injunction that minors, Miners or not, couldn't do so. And it's a long way from the day that Sam Vandiver, erstwhile Quixote and Times copyboy, got his first Time review, and struck his last blow for sanity before Gowin Dowin Blazen Glory.
AlumNOVA's

AlumNOVA is growing by leaps, if not by bounds. We have double the number of entries this time over the Summer issue—over 70 and that's leaping. Next time we hope for bounds. A lot depends on you filling in and returning the card attached inside of this NOVA. Everybody says they read this section first so it just naturally follows that this section should get bigger. If you have any information on an ex or alum, any change of address, new job, change in the size of your family, or comment on NOVA, let us know about it. We'd appreciate it.

Now, among the upward movers: J. M. Whitaker (MA 48), former registrar at UTEP, has been named assistant superintendent, special services, El Paso School District. Mrs. Dorothy Hart (MA 53) is the new principal at Cadwallader School. She has been in the Ysleta School System for 27 years. William C. Herndon (54) is an associate professor of Chemistry at Texas Tech.

Malcolm Webb Barrett (56) received the Silver Wings of an American Airlines flight officer and is based in the New York City area. Michael J. Thompson (58), assistant District Attorney in El Paso, recently resigned that post to enter private law practice and Wanda E. Creamer (59) was named the first woman assistant D.A. in El Paso history. She will handle child support and juvenile cases.

Chester M. Harlin (MA 59), formerly principal at Cadwallader School, has been named principal at Pasodale. He has 12 years tenure in the Ysleta system. David Hageman (59-62) received his doctorate in dental surgery and has been associated with a dental office in Dallas. Sam Baker is editor of the Richardson, Texas, daily News. He is a 1961 graduate. Jon Perkins (62) is now pastor of a Lutheran Church in Salisbury, South Carolina. He is also a graduate of Central Seminary. Carol Knapp (64) has been awarded the silver wings of an American Airlines stewardess and is assigned to flight duty out of Dallas. Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Phillips have joined the sports information director under Eddie Hamlyn (52), a translator in the Immigration and Naturalization Service, has been awarded the certificate of Certified Professional Secretary. She becomes one of only 3,590 CPS's in the U.S., Canada and Puerto Rico, and one of only 366 in the whole land of Texas.

Mrs. Stephen Collins Kent (53) has been named chairman of the radio division of the United Fund. Also working on the drive is Edwin J. Burns (54) who was a member of the metropolitan division—small businesses and commercial firms. Mr. Burns is general manager of Tri-State Wholesale Associated Grocers Inc.

William H. Jackson (57) received the Ph.D degree in psychology from Texas Tech and Lowell Bryan Woolley (58) received the Master's from Harvard University this summer. Mrs. Sara E. Patterson (58) has been awarded a $2,200 U.S. Office of Education Fellowship for graduate study in 1966-67 at the University of Southern California's School of Library Science.

Donald S. Leslie (59) was installed president of the El Paso Junior Chamber of Commerce in July. At UTEP, Leslie was Kappa Sigma president, student body v-p, sophomore class president and Mr. Miner in his junior year. Bobby Clark (62-63), a fine arts students at Chouinard Art Institute in Los Angeles received the Bruggers Service Award for his entry in a recent contemporary art show. The work was a piece of sprayed plexiglass called “Lozenge No. 2.” O.K.

William J. Jackson (62) received the Ph.D degree in psychology from Texas Tech too and Mary Gnauch Busby (62) was awarded the M.Ed. degree from Furman University in Greenville, South Carolina. Meanwhile, Robert A. Falconer (62) was receiving his Master's in Mineral Preparation Engineering at Pennsylvania State U. He is employed as a development engineer with International Minerals and Chemical Corp. in Florida.

Notes and noteworthies from the UT Law School: amongst the exes taking their degrees in sum m e r commencement were Michael Ingels Guthrie (63); Jay Joseph Smith (62); and Thomas Michael Niland (64). And, Charlie Tupper, Jr. (64), a second year law student, knew Charles Whitman, the UT tower sniper. Tupper says Whitman was "a real friendly guy, not the type of man you just couldn't help but like. No one could have believed him capable of such a thing."

William F. Ford, Jr. (64) received his M.A. in history at Texas Tech. He is a history instructor at the University of Southern Western

Louisiana at Lafayette. Terry Lee Henderson (64) received the Master's degree from Harvard this summer and Sylvester Nunez (65) received the M.S. degree from Ohio State U.

Assorted news from assorted alums: Mrs. Novella B. Sorrell (MA 51), the former Novella Beever, and her husband live on a ranch in Dripping Springs, Texas. She teaches a second grade in the Dripping Springs School.

Jim Winters (55) is an area staff representative for the American Cancer Society and is responsible for the 15-county area in the western section of Texas.

Appearing in the drama "By Hex," based on Amish life, is Miss Mina Jo King (55). The play is being staged at Dutchland Theatre in Lancaster, Pa. Miss King has toured with Giselle MacKenzie in "Sound of Music," and she has been in "South Pacific," "Carousel," "Come Back Little Sheba," "Night of the Iguana," and "The Medium." A well-known tennis star at El Paso High School and UTEP, Henry H. Masterson (57), now Rev. Celestine Masterson, was ordained in 1964 and has been teaching at Conception Abbey in Missouri. He won the junior singles in the 1952 Sun Carnival Tennis Tourney.

From the Dallas Exes' Ems Holmes (59) comes word of new officers in that group: Gilbert Pate (55) is president; Curtis Spier (56) is veep; Ed Stromberg (55), treasurer; Cynthia Noon (57), secretary; and Tom Cook (49) and Chester Hardy (55) as directors. Harriet Allen (54) is scholarship chairman and Emily Peden (38) is publicity lady.

Chevron and Bars: Col. William H. Niland (37) has been reassigned to U.S. MIIP; U. S. Embassy, Bogota, Colombia; Carroll W. Smith, Jr. (47-50) was promoted to Lt. Col. in the Army. He entered service in 1951, served prior to that with the Coast Guard in WWII, then two tours in Korea. In El Paso, he was city alderman from 1949-51. Capt. Samuel K. Wasaff (57-58) was recently awarded a Bronze Star Medal at Fort Benning, Ga., for heroism in Viet Nam; and Rene A. Vela (59), who received the U.S. Army
A POSTSCRIPT DIG DIG DIG ETC.

Thanks to LEON A. ROSENFIELD, JR., (33), we have Song #2 to add to the dossier of Songs the Miners didn’t Sing. Mr. Rosenfield writes: “The words were written by DR. BURT F. JENNESSE who instructed in biological sciences and who got his degree from Dartmouth in 1899, in addition to having been a doctor in the U.S. Navy. The words he wrote were put to three — count ‘em, three! — different tunes. Dr. Jenness’ lyrics went like this:

‘Far beneath the crags of Franklin
Stand our Alma Mater’s halls
Gleams aer her rock-hewn campus
Dust-brown walls blend with the hills.
Gem of learning in a country
Whose own wealth or lore enthralls
Hail the fairest Lone Star daughter
And the mission she fulfills.

(Chorus)
Up, Men of Mines, and hit the trail
The Texas spirit shall not fail
Miners fight for the right
For the orange and the white.
Tramp, tramp, tramp, tramp, Men of Mines
Tamp, tarp, tarp, tarp, Men of Mines
Clear the way, for it’s today
We must gain a victory!’

‘Admittedly,' Mr. Rosenfield adds, ‘this tale doesn’t have a Fred Waring involved in it—but it was a really hot issue for a time, between those who thought we should have a song of our own and those to whom ‘The Eyes of Texas’ was either sacrosanct or, at least, good enough!’

DEATHS

MR. L. VERE LEASURE, sole surviving member of the original (1916) graduating class of the Texas State School of Mines and Metallurgy, died October 26. He was 76. A memorial library endowment in honor of Mr. Leasure and in memory of his son, James (52) who died May 25, was established this summer at the College. Memorial contributions can be made to the Leasure Memorial Library Fund.

Fred L. Cave, Class of (57), died Oct. 4. He was a member of Phi Kappa Tau Fraternity. After graduation, Cave worked as an oil scout for the El Paso Natural Gas Co., and at the time of his death was a sales representative for the Midland Field Sales Co. Survivors: wife, Mrs. Barbara Cave; daughters, Carla Jo, Carie Lyn, Casie; father, Fred W. Cave; mother, Mrs. Cecil Smith; brother, Robert M. Cave, all of El Paso.

CAPSULES

News Briefs From the UTEP Campus

Enrollment is soaring. At last count, Registrar C. J. Cervenka had tallied 8,016 students registered for the fall 1966, semester. The list is subject to whittling though, since there are traditionally 50 or so students who, for a variety of reasons, drop out before the official head-count deadline.

The burgeoning student population made necessary some changes in campus parking regulations too. All student vehicles, except those of handicapped students, are now banned from the central campus. Only faculty, staff, visitors, and the handicapped are permitted to enter the main campus other than on foot from 7 a.m. to 2 p.m. The no-park order was issued after several months study by Dr. Ray’s Parking and Traffic Committee, headed by Prof. Paul Hassler.

A $2.5 million expansion of the Student Union Building is being planned that will increase the space of the building by 60,000 square feet. The expansion will be carried out under a $6 million program that includes construction of the science-math-phyics building and enlargement of the UTEP library (which is now past the 200,000 volume mark). College officials met with architects to discuss allocation of space in the SUB addition and application was made to the federal government for $1 million to help finance the project. The science-math building is to be completed next September and work on the library expansion begins in 1967.

Dr. Thomas I. Cook and Dr. Harold F. Harding were named H. Y. Benedict Professors this summer. Dr. Cook is professor of political science and Dr. Harding joined the speech and drama department. The professorship was named for Dr. Harry Yandell Benedict, president of the University of Texas System from 1927 to 1937. Drs. C. L. Sonnichsen, Robert Riegel, and Patrick Romanell are also H. Y. Benedict professors.

Tom Chism was named director of student activities at the College in September. He had been Baptist Student Director until 1964 and was campus minister at Texas Tech. He replaces Joe Stewart who took a position with an El Paso insurance firm.
The Alumni Fund for Excellence, nearing the end of its fourth annual effort, is in a critical and somewhat puzzling stage of development.

It is in a critical stage because it has ceased to grow, despite an increase in the number of alumni who are being invited to participate.

It is in a puzzling stage because Alumni Fund volunteer workers and the College's staff are at a loss to determine satisfactorily the factors behind some of the patterns which have emerged.

"The Alumni Fund has demonstrated, beyond question, its effectiveness in advancing the quality of the College," said Chairman James Agee. "Yet many alumni—even previous donors—obviously are not fully convinced either of the need for alumni giving or of the effectiveness of private support for an excellence program."

The Alumni Fund began in 1963 as a result of the MISSION '73 study which created a blueprint for developing the College, during the period 1963-73, into an institution of high quality. The report emphasized that private funds were essential to an excellence program. Such gifts would enable the College to go beyond the routine in such critical areas as recruiting, retaining outstanding faculty, and rapid development of library resources.

The first Alumni Fund Chairman was Richard C. White, now Congressman Richard White. Results were encouraging. Although the College had no history of alumni contributions, had not maintained continuing communication with its former students, and had little more than 4,000 alumni addresses, the 1963 drive convinced alumni leaders and the College that the Alumni Fund would become a permanent and reliable source of funds for the Excellence Program. There were 468 gifts totaling $8,748.

Under Chester McLuaghlin in 1964, the increase in donors and in giving was impressive. Total contributions increased by 50 per cent to $12,683, and the number of donors nearly doubled, to 881.

It was with high hopes, then, that Chairman Robert Cave announced a goal of $17,500 for 1965. At the end of the year the total was $14,520, a gratifying increase over the previous year, but the first indication that the growth rate was not to be maintained. More significantly, the number of donors actually declined to 773. And, for the first time, a new factor emerged: more than half of the donors of 1964 had not contributed in 1965. Their gifts had amounted to $5,300.

The pattern has been confirmed this year. Chairman Agee reported in early October a total of 640 gifts and pledges for $11,400. He is confident that last year's gift total will be equalled, perhaps surpassed. But the number of donors may decline, and the number of "lost" contributors will equal the previous year.

How to account for these factors? No one is certain, but one reason stands clear: only a minority of the College's alumni are persuaded of the importance of the Alumni Fund and the Excellence Program. This is a fact of life at virtually every college and university, but the base of support is smaller at UTEP-TWC. Somehow the College has not succeeded in instilling in its students—now alumni—a sense of their responsibilities as alumni. Responsibilities to the institution and to higher education.

"The College is deeply indebted to those alumni who have been responsible for the advances in academic quality underwritten by the Excellence Fund," said Mr. Agee. "When the time comes when the majority of our former students resolve to participate in the Alumni Fund each year, then our College will become one of the finest in the nation. The College will become as good as we want it to be, and no better. It must look to us, the men and women who hold its degrees and who are its products, for leadership in its thrust toward higher quality. For if we will not lead, who will?"
Those who read everything, right down to the zip code, will notice this is Vol. 2, No. 1 of NOVA, whole number 5. The first year's circulation was something like 34,000. At this rate it will take us 282 years to have published the same number of magazines that T.V. Guide publishes in a week. But then T.V. Guide charges for theirs, accepts advertising, and says nothing about our College.

As it stands now we mail to 48 of the 50 states. Only Rhode Island and New Hampshire are missing from our list and our agents are, at this very moment, trying to remedy that situation. We also mail to such foreign countries as: the Philippines, Libya, Canada, Australia, Canal Zone, Egypt, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Chile, Brazil, Bermuda, Holland, Thailand, France, Honduras, Ireland, Bolivia, Puerto Rico, Peru, Mexico, Viet Nam.

Thanks to Doug Early, Bassel Wolfe, Lee Cain, our good editorial board and contributors, and to the News Office-girl, Bobbie Ford, the first year has been a good one.

"a rose by any other name..."